# STATE OF MICHIGAN BEFORE THE MICHIGAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In the matter of the application of	)	
CONSUMERS ENERGY COMPANY	)	
for approval of a Power Purchase Agreement and	)	Case No. U-14992
for other relief in connection with the sale of the	)	
Palisades Nuclear Plant and other assets.	)	

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF J. RICHARD HORNBY

# ON BEHALF OF ATTORNEY GENERAL MICHAEL A. COX

## **PUBLIC VERSION**

December 20, 2006

1	Q.	Please state your name, position and business address.
2	A.	My name is J. Richard Hornby. I am a Senior Consultant at Synapse Energy
3		Economics, Inc, 22 Pearl Street, Cambridge, MA 02139.
4	Q.	On whose behalf are you testifying in this case?
5	A.	I am testifying on behalf of Attorney General Michael A. Cox ("Attorney
6		General").
7	Q.	Please describe Synapse Energy Economics.
8	A.	Synapse Energy Economics ("Synapse") is a research and consulting firm
9		specializing in energy and environmental issues, including electric generation,
10		transmission and distribution system reliability, market power, electricity market
11		prices, stranded costs, efficiency, renewable energy, environmental quality, and
12		nuclear power.
13	Q.	Please summarize your work experience and educational background.
14	A.	I am a consultant specializing in planning, market structure, ratemaking and gas
15		supply/fuel procurement in the electric and gas industries. Over the past twenty
16		years I have presented expert testimony and provided litigation support on these
17		issues in approximately 100 proceedings in over thirty jurisdictions in the United
18		States and Canada. Over this period my clients have included staff of public
19		utility commissions, state energy offices, consumer advocate offices and
20		marketers.
21		Prior to joining Synapse in 2006, I was a Principal with CRA International,
22		formerly Tabors Caramanis & Associates. From 1986 to 1998 I worked with the
23		Tellus Institute (formerly Energy Systems Research Group); initially as Manager
24		of the Natural Gas Program and subsequently as Director of their Energy Group.
25		Prior to 1986 I was Assistant Deputy Minister of Energy for the Province of Nova
26		Scotia.
27		I have a Master of Science in Energy Technology and Policy from the
28		Massachusetts Institute of Technology and a Bachelor of Industrial Engineering

2		from the Technical University of Nova Scotia, now merged with Dalhousie
		University.
3		I have attached my current resume to this testimony as Exhibit AG-2 (JRH-1)
4	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
5	A.	Synapse was retained to assist the Attorney General in the review of the proposal
6		by Consumer Energy Company ("Consumers Energy") to sell its Palisades plant
7		and enter a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with the buyer, Michigan Public
8		Service Commission Case No. U-14992. In particular, Synapse was asked to
9		assist in determining whether the proposed sale and PPA are in the public interest
10		This testimony and that of my colleague David Schlissel presents the results of
11		our investigation of this issue. Mr. Schlissel addresses the merits of the proposed
12		PPA relative to Consumers costs of continued ownership. My testimony
13		examines the evolution of the key terms of the transaction between the
14		Company's evaluation of initial bids and its selection of the winning bid.
1.5	Q.	What data sources did you rely upon to prepare your testimony?
15	•	
15 16	A.	My primary sources of data were the Direct Testimony, exhibits and workpapers
		My primary sources of data were the Direct Testimony, exhibits and workpapers of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information
16		
16 17		of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information
16 17 18	A.	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.
16 17 18 19	A.	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.  Did you analyze the detailed accounting implications of the proposed
16 17 18 19 20	A. <b>Q.</b>	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.  Did you analyze the detailed accounting implications of the proposed transaction?
16 17 18 19 20 21	A. <b>Q.</b>	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.  Did you analyze the detailed accounting implications of the proposed transaction?  No. My testimony identifies several of the accounting issues associated with the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. <b>Q.</b>	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.  Did you analyze the detailed accounting implications of the proposed transaction?  No. My testimony identifies several of the accounting issues associated with the proposed transaction. I do not analyze the implications of those issues since I am
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. <b>Q.</b>	of the Consumer Energy witnesses as well as their responses to information requests.  Did you analyze the detailed accounting implications of the proposed transaction?  No. My testimony identifies several of the accounting issues associated with the proposed transaction. I do not analyze the implications of those issues since I am not an accountant. I understand that these implications will be addressed in detail

1 • Consumers had a conflict of interest in the design of its auction process, 2 and in particular in its final negotiations with the bidders in response to 3 their initial bids. Its objective of recovering the book value of the plant for 4 its shareholders conflicted with the objective of maximizing the value of the other components of the transaction for its ratepayers. 5 6 Consumers is proposing to remove approximately 542 acres of Big Rock 7 land from rate base in conjunction with the proposed transaction, however 8 it will convey only 107 acres to Entergy for the ISFSI site. 9 10 **Proposed Transaction** 11 Q. Please summarize the process that Consumers followed to select the winning 12 bidder for Palisades, the PPA and the Big Rock ISFSI. 13 A. Consumers followed an auction and negotiation process, as described in the 14 Direct Testimony of Mr. Reed. During this process the Company identified 15 prospective bidders, provided them with a Confidential Offering Memorandum<sup>1</sup> and asked them to submit bids in response to a set of Final Bid Instructions<sup>2</sup>. 16 17 Q. On what components of the transaction did Consumers invite economic bids? 18 A. Consumers solicited bids on the following components: 19 the purchase price, 20 the amount of Decommissioning trust funds to be retained, 21 the pricing and other provisions of the PPA, 22 the treatment of pension asset transfers, 23 adjustments for inventory and capital expenditures, <sup>1</sup> Exhibit A-5 (JJR-3)

<sup>2</sup>Exhibit A-6 (JJR-4)

1		• termination payment for the Big Rock ISFSI.
2	Q.	Did the Final Bid Instructions allow bidders to submit multiple bids?
3	A.	Yes. Section 3 of the Final Bid Instructions invites bidders to submit multiple bid
4		options.
5	Q.	Why was Consumers interested in receiving multiple bids from the same
6		bidder?
7	<b>A.</b>	Consumers was interested in receiving multiple bids from the same bidder
8		because the proposed transaction consisted of several components. Consumers
9		wished to maximize the value of each component but recognized that it might
10		have to "trade-off" achieving a certain value on one component in order to
11		achieve a desired value on another component <sup>3</sup> . If a bidder provided multiple
12		bids, consisting of different values for different components, then Consumers
13		would have a useful starting point for its final negotiations.
	•	Please explain what you mean by the Company's final negotiations.
14	Q.	r lease explain what you mean by the Company's final negotiations.
14 15	Q. A.	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to
15		Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to
15 16		Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and
15 16 17	A.	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.
15 16 17	A.	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different
15 16 17 18	A. <b>Q.</b>	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different implications for the stockholders of Consumers as opposed to ratepayers?
15 16 17 18 19	A. <b>Q.</b>	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different implications for the stockholders of Consumers as opposed to ratepayers?  Yes. In reviewing Consumers auction process, and in particular its negotiation
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	A. <b>Q.</b>	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different implications for the stockholders of Consumers as opposed to ratepayers?  Yes. In reviewing Consumers auction process, and in particular its negotiation and selection of a final bid based upon the initial bids received, it is important to
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	A. <b>Q.</b>	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different implications for the stockholders of Consumers as opposed to ratepayers?  Yes. In reviewing Consumers auction process, and in particular its negotiation and selection of a final bid based upon the initial bids received, it is important to understand who receives the value from each component of the transaction, i.e.,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. <b>Q.</b>	Section 9 of the Final Bid Instructions specified that Consumers had the right to enter limited negotiations with one or more bidders after it had received and evaluated all of the initial bids.  Would the values achieved for each of these components have different implications for the stockholders of Consumers as opposed to ratepayers?  Yes. In reviewing Consumers auction process, and in particular its negotiation and selection of a final bid based upon the initial bids received, it is important to understand who receives the value from each component of the transaction, i.e., ratepayers or stockholders, as well as when each party would receive that value.

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> John Reed Direct Testimony, page 3, lines 2 to 19.

(Net proceeds from the purchase price are determined by subtracting inventory adjustments and the transaction costs of the sale).

• Stockholders may receive net proceeds from the purchase price up to the book value of the plant, the benefits of pension asset transfers, the termination payment for the Big Rock ISFSI and any deferred tax benefits. (Stockholders are prohibited from recovering anything above the book value according to a Securitization Order from October 2000 in MPSC case U-12505. Consumers cites this Order explicitly in the COM sent to prospective bidders.)

The fact that Consumers is negotiating the terms of all of the components, but that its stockholders only receive value from certain of the components, creates a conflict of interest. This conflict arises because a bidder is going to have a particular overall value for the transaction in mind, regardless of how that value is achieved through individual components. Thus, bidders who submitted multiple bids offered different values for certain components from bid to bid, but the overall value of the bid was approximately the same. In a given bid the more value a bidder provided in one component, such as the purchase price, the less that bidder offered in another component, such as the pricing terms of the PPA. Thus, throughout the auction process and particularly during final negotiations with bidders, Consumers' objective of achieving the book value of the plant was in conflict with its objective of maximizing the value of the other components of the transaction. In addition, Mr. Reed, the Company's consultant, had a vested interest in achieving as high a purchase price as possible as his compensation was tied to that objective.<sup>4</sup>

- Q. Is there evidence to indicate that this conflict of interest may have influenced the Company's negotiations with Entergy?
- 27 A. Yes. There is evidence that, during its negotiations with Entergy, Consumers 28 objective of recovering the book value of the plant for its shareholders conflicted

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Response 14992-U-AG-CE-155, bates page 99201796.

1		with the objective of maximizing the value of the other components of the
2		transaction for its ratepayers. In addition a desire to achieve value in forms other
3		than the purchase price, such as in the form of deferred taxes, may also have
4		influenced its negotiations.
5	Q.	Please describe Consumers negotiations with Entergy after receiving its
6		initial bids.
7	A.	Entergy submitted seven initial bids. Of those, had the highest total
8		value, both before and after tax considerations. The value to Consumers before
9		tax adjustments was \$ million while its value after tax considerations was
10		million <sup>5</sup> (These are values prior to consideration of the Big Rock ISFSI
11		component, but that component was the same in all seven initial Entergy bids).
12		Initial bid # 3 also had the best PPA prices and hence offered the greatest savings
13		to ratepayers relative to the Company's May 2006 estimate of its cost of
14		continued operation. The net present value of those estimated savings was \$
15		million. <sup>6</sup>
16		Despite those facts, Consumers appears to have identified Entergy's
17		as the starting point for its final negotiations <sup>7</sup> had
18		a lower total value than , as presented in Exhibit AG $-3$ (JRH $-2$ ).
19		In addition its PPA provided almost \$ million less in savings to ratepayers
20		than the PPA under initial bid # 3, i.e., million versus \$331 million.
21		However, the purchase price component of was \$ million,
22		much higher than the purchase price component of (i.e., \$
23		million).
24		During its negotiations the Company apparently made a counter-offer to
25		Entergy in which it suggested a transaction with the PPA pricing
26		a purchase price of million and a transfer of \$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, Comparative Bid Summary.pdf, page 1, lines 57 and 59.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, Comparative Bid Summary.pdf, page 1, line 55.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, JJReed's Notes.pdf, page 1.

1		Those three features of the counter-offer are recorded
2		on page 6 of Mr. Reed's notes from the negotiations. <sup>8</sup>
3	Q.	Please compare the results of those negotiations, in the form of Entergy's
4		final bid, to Entergy's
5	A.	The Final
6		Bid has a higher value than . For example its value before tax
7		adjustments is \$ million while its value after tax considerations is
8		million. Relative to initial bid # 1 Entergy has increased the purchase price as
9		well as the amount of Qualified Decommissioning funds that the Company could
10		retain. However Entergy has offset those increases somewhat by increasing the
11		pricing under the PPA. As a result, the PPA under the Final Bid provides
12		approximately \$ million less in savings to ratepayers than the PPA under
13		i.e., \$ million versus \$ million.
14	Q.	Is Entergy's final bid an improvement over its from the
15		perspective of ratepayers?
16	A.	No. Relative to ratepayers are worse off by approximately \$
17		million under Entergy's final bid as presented in Exhibit AG-3 (JRH -2). Of that
18		amount, \$ million is a shift in value from ratepayers to shareholders while the
19		other \$ million is a shift in value from ratepayers to Entergy. The shift in value
20		is primarily in the form of more proceeds flowing to shareholders from a higher
21		purchase price and less savings flowing to ratepayers due to higher PPA prices.
22	Q.	Are you contesting Consumers' decision to conduct final negotiations with
23		Entergy?

<sup>8</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, JJReed's Notes.pdf, page 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, Comparative Bid Summary.pdf, page 3, lines 57 and 59.

1	A.	No. My position is that from the viewpoint of ratepayers and the public interest
2		Consumers should have begun its final negotiations using Entergy's
3		as the starting point, rather than Entergy's initial bid # 1.
4	Q.	What explanation has Consumers provided for choosing Entergy's final bid
5		over its ?
6	A.	Consumers states that it chose the final bid over because it has " a
7		higher total transaction value on a risk adjusted basis". 10 The Company is
8		basically saying that under there is a risk that ratepayers would not
9		actually receive all of the savings projected under the PPA because Entergy might
10		not operate the plant through to 2021, and hence might not honor the prices it
11		agreed to for the full term of the PPA. In that scenario Consumers might have to
12		buy replacement power at market prices from the time Entergy shut the plant
13		down. Consumers provides its risk analysis of that scenario in response 14992-
14		
17		AG-CE-291.
15	Q.	AG-CE-291.  Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?
	<b>Q.</b> A.	
15		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?
15 16		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response
15 16 17		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in
15 16 17 18		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and
15 16 17 18 19		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.
15 16 17 18 19 20		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under
15 16 17 18 19 20 21		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under There are no risk analyses presented for any other initial bid or for the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		Does this explanation stand up to scrutiny?  No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under  There are no risk analyses presented for any other initial bid or for the final bid. My application of this risk analysis methodology to initial bid # 1
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under  There are no risk analyses presented for any other initial bid or for the final bid. My application of this risk analysis methodology to initial bid # 1 indicates that it has the same value at risk as
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under  There are no risk analyses presented for any other initial bid or for the final bid. My application of this risk analysis methodology to initial bid # 1 indicates that it has the same value at risk as because the prices under their respective PPAs are the same from 2014 onward. The proposed PPA
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		No. First, I could not find this risk analysis in the materials provided in response 14992-AG-CE-102. That data request asked for all of the documentation in which the initial and final bids were evaluated, as well as the notes, minutes and reports of the negotiations that led to the ASA and PPA.  Second, the Company has only presented a risk analysis of the PPA under  There are no risk analyses presented for any other initial bid or for the final bid. My application of this risk analysis methodology to initial bid # 1 indicates that it has the same value at risk as because the prices under their respective PPAs are the same from 2014 onward. The proposed PPA under the final bid does have a lower value of risk, but the total amount

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> U-14992-AG-CE-287

1		Third, the "analysis of value at risk" that the Company did provide in response
2		14992-AG-CE-291 uses with the wrong reference point, and hence leads one to
3		the wrong conclusion regarding the merits of versus the final bid.
4	Q.	Please explain why Consumers' risk analysis leads one to the wrong
5		conclusion regarding the relative merits of initial bid # 3?
6	A.	Consumers' risk analysis leads one to the wrong conclusion because it focuses
7		upon the difference between the costs under a given PPA over 15 years versus the
8		costs under that same PPA for 10 years and replacement power at market prices
9		thereafter. Instead, it should compare the total costs under each of those scenarios,
10		to the total costs of purchasing electricity under the raw CCO and under the
11		PPA's of other bids.
12		Consumers' analysis of the PPA under has three steps.
13		• First, calculate the present value (pv) of the payments for electricity
14		purchased under the PPA over the fifteen year term 2007 to 2021. This is
15		billion.
16		• Then calculate the pv of the payments for the same quantity of electricity
17		under a scenario in which Entergy shuts Palisades down in mid-2017.
18		That supply comes from the PPA through mid-2017 and from replacement
19		power purchased at market prices from mid-2017 until 2021. The present
20		value is \$ billion.
21		• Finally, calculate the difference in pv costs under the two scenarios. That
22		amount, million, is the value at risk.
23		This approach is misleading because it uses the wrong reference point.
24		Consumers has evaluated all of the PPA options against its May 2006 estimate of
25		raw CCO costs through 2021.
26	Q.	Can you illustrate how Consumers' risk analysis leads one to the wrong
27		conclusion?

1	A.	Yes. I illustrate this by applying Consumers' risk analysis methodology to its
2		final bid. My calculations are presented in Exhibit AG-4 (JRH -3). These
3		calculations do not yield the exact same results as in the Company's data response
4		because I did not have their electronic workbook and the inputs they report do not
5		correspond to the results they report due to rounding. Nevertheless, my Exhibit
6		replicates their methodology and my results illustrate the problem with their
7		approach.
8		First I calculate the value at risk for using the Company's
9		methodology, presented on page 1 of my Exhibit. My calculation of that value is
10		\$ million, while my calculation of the pv of payments for supply from the
11		PPA through mid-2017 and from replacement power purchased at market prices
12		from mid-2017 until 2021 is \$ billion.
13		I then do the same calculations for the final bid on page 2 of my Exhibit. That
14		value at risk under the PPA of the final bid is lower, million. However, the
15		pv of payments for supply from the PPA through mid-2017 and from replacement
16		power purchased at market prices from mid-2017 until 2021 is \$ billion.
17		Thus, the absolute amount that ratepayers would pay under the PPA of the final
18		bid in that walk away scenario is almost <b>million</b> more than under
19		
20		The fact that the PPA under has a value at risk of million is
21		not the point. What should be of concern to Consumers is the absolute amount
22		that ratepayers would pay under each of the PPAs.
23	Q.	Does the value that ratepayers would receive from the other components of
24		the final bid offset the additional amount they would pay under its PPA?

		Cusc 110. 0-14772
1	A.	No. A comparison of the final bid to indicates that ratepayers
2		would receive a higher level of net proceeds from the purchase price and a higher
3		level of qualified funds. However those incremental amounts do not offset the
4		additional amount that ratepayers would pay under the PPA of the final bid. This
5		comparison is presented in Exhibit AG-3 (JRH -2).
6	Q.	Did Consumers prepare any quantitative analyses of the risks associated
7		with the proposed sale if various assumptions proved to be incorrect during
8		the term of the PPA?
9	A.	No. The Company's witnesses did not present any quantitative risk analyses in
10		their Direct Testimony and I did not find any in their responses to data requests.
11		This is somewhat surprising given that the Company has made numerous
12		assumptions about the CCO, Entergy performance under the PPA and market
13		prices for fifteen years into the future, and that there is uncertainty associated with
14		any set of long-term forecasts and assumptions. The Company was also aware of
15		the uncertainty associated with future capital expenditures at Palisades. 11
16	Q.	Did Consumers prepare any quantitative analyses of the risks associated
17		with the proposed sale after the PPA expires?
18	A.	No. After 2021 the Company will have to replace the annual supply of electricity
19		it had been obtaining under the PPA from other sources. The Company has not
20		prepared an analysis of the costs and risks of acquiring supply during that period,
21		other than its projection of the raw CCO through 2030. 12

<sup>11</sup> Response 14992-AG-CE-102, 3-22-06 Palisades Steering Committee Briefing Paper.pdf, page 1.

\_

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 12}$  Responses 14992-U-AG-CE-183 and 14992-U-AG-CE-184

#### 1 Disposition Of Additional Benefits Associated with the Proposed Sale

2	Q.	Would Consumers receive a benefit in the form of deferred taxes under th
3		proposed sale?

- 4 A. Yes. For example, under Entergy's final bid the Company would have deferred taxes of approximately \$71 million. None of the Company witnesses identify these deferred taxes as a benefit of the transaction in their Direct Testimony. I do not know whether the benefit of these deferred taxes would flow to stockholders, ratepayers, or some combination thereof. This is an issue that requires a review by an accountant.
- 10 Q. Is there a potential benefit associated with sale of the Big Rock ISFSI site?
- Yes. If the proposed transaction is approved Consumers would convey the Big 11 A. 12 Rock ISFSI site to Entergy. That site has an area of approximately 107 acres. 13 However, in conjunction with the proposed transaction Consumers is proposing to 14 remove all of the land it owns at Big Rock from rate base. That is a total area of 542 acres with a book value of \$108,000.<sup>14</sup> Thus, there is a potential benefit 15 from the sale of the remaining 435 acres. I understand that that remaining land 16 may have an estimated commercial real estate value in the order of \$19 million. 15 17 The benefit of any such sale would flow entirely to stockholders if an order in this 18 19 proceeding allows Consumers to remove those 435 acres from rate base.
- 20 Q. Does this complete your testimony at this time?
- 21 A. Yes.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Response 14992-U-AG-CE-127, bates page 99201184.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Response to 14992-AG-CE-297.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Wait Before Buying Nuke Plant Land, Detroit Free Press, December 5, 2006.

### **James Richard Hornby**

Senior Consultant Synapse Energy Economics, Inc. 22 Pearl Street, Cambridge, MA 02139 (617) 661-3248 ext. 243 • fax: (617) 661-0599 www.synapse-energy.com rhornby@synapse-energy.com

#### PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

**Synapse Energy Economics, Inc.**, Cambridge, MA. *Senior Consultant*, 2006 to present. Analysis and expert testimony regarding planning, market structure, ratemaking and contracting issues in the electricity and natural gas industries.

Charles River Associates (formerly Tabors Caramanis & Associates), Cambridge, MA. *Principal*, 2004-2006.

Senior Consultant, 1998-2004.

Provided expert testimony and litigation support in several energy contract price arbitration proceedings, as well as in electric and gas utility ratemaking proceedings in Ontario, New York, Nova Scotia and New Jersey. Managed a major productivity improvement and planning project for two electric distribution companies within the Abu Dhabi Water and Electricity Authority. Analyzed a range of market structure and contracting issues in wholesale electricity markets.

#### Tellus Institute, Boston, MA.

*Vice President and Director of Energy Group*, 1997–1998.

Presented expert testimony on rates for unbundled retail services in restructured retail markets and analyzed the options for purchasing electricity and gas in those markets.

Manager of Natural Gas Program, 1986–1997.

Prepared testimony and reports on a range of gas industry issues including market structure, unbundled services, ratemaking, strategic planning, market analyses, and supply planning.

Nova Scotia Department of Mines and Energy, Halifax, Canada; 1981–1986 Member, Canada-Nova Scotia Offshore Oil and Gas Board, 1983–1986 Member of a federal-provincial board responsible for regulating petroleum industry exploration and development activity offshore Nova Scotia.

Assistant Deputy Minister of Energy 1983–1986

Responsible for analysis and implementation of provincial energy policies and programs, as well as for Energy Division budget and staff. Directed preparation of comprehensive energy plan emphasizing energy efficiency and use of provincial energy resources. Senior technical advisor on provincial team responsible for negotiating and implementing a federal/provincial fiscal, regulatory, and legislative regime to govern offshore oil and gas. Directed analyses of proposals to develop and market natural gas, coal, and tidal power resources. Also served as Director of Energy Resources (1982-1983) and Assistant to the Deputy Minister (1981-1982.

**Nova Scotia Research Foundation**, Dartmouth, Canada, Consultant, 1978–1981 Edited Nova Scotia's first comprehensive energy plan. Administered government-funded industrial energy conservation program—audits, feasibility studies, and investment grants.

Canadian Keyes Fibre, Hantsport, Canada, Project Engineer, 1975–1977

Imperial Group Limited, Bristol, England, Management Consultant, 973–1975

#### **SELECTED TESTIMONY**

Arizona Corporation Commission, Docket E-01345A-05-0816, August 2006 and September 2006. Review of Arizona Public Service hedging strategy and Base Fuel Recovery Amount.

Michigan Public Service Commission, Case No. U-14274-R, October 2006. Review the Resource Conservation Plan for purchases from Midland Cogeneration Venture Limited Partnership.

Illinois Commerce Commission, Docket No. 06-0540, October and December 2006. Review of service quality issues.

State Of Connecticut, Department Of Public Utility Control. Docket No. 06-03-04PH01, November 2006. Review gas supply strategy and proposed rate recovery.

Testimony before an arbitration panel in Toronto, Ontario, on behalf of a cogeneration plant regarding a dispute over a component of the price for steam under a 20-year contract. January 2006.

Testimony before an arbitration panel in Halifax, Nova Scotia, on behalf of Nova Scotia Power against Shell Canada regarding the determination of a new price under their ten year natural gas supply contract. October 2005.

State of New York, Public Service Commission, Case 00-M-0504, September 2002 and October 2002. Review of estimates of embedded costs of unbundled services (e.g., supply, distribution, metering, billing), and associated proposed rates, filed by Consolidated Edison of New York and New York State Electric and Gas respectively.

State of New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, BPU Docket GM00080564, April 2001. Analysis of the proposed transfer of gas supply and capacity contracts from Public Service Electric and Gas to an unregulated affiliate, and the full requirements supply contract associated with that transfer.

Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board, NSUARB-NG-SEMPRA-SEM-00-08, February 2001. Review of proposed distribution service tariff, including methodology for setting market-based rates, rates for large customers and default supply.

State of New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, BPU Docket EX99009676, March 2000. Analysis of the design and pricing of customer account services to be offered by utilities on an unbundled basis.

United States of America Bonneville Power Administration, BPA Docket WP-02, (TCA #391), November 1999. Functionalization of Communication Plant.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 99-006-G, South Carolina Electric and Gas, October 1999. Reasonableness of purchased gas costs.

State of New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, BPU Dockets GO99030122–GO99030125, July 1999 and sur-rebuttal September 1999. Analysis of service unbundling policies and rates proposed in filings of Public Service Electric & Gas, South Jersey Gas, New Jersey Natural Gas, and Elizabethtown Gas.

Maine Public Utilities Commission, Docket 97-393, Northern Utilities Inc., September 1998 and rebuttal December 1998. Review of request for approval of rate redesign and partial unbundling proposal.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00984281, A-12250F0008, Peoples Natural Gas, May 1998. Analysis of the reasonableness of 1998 1307(f) filing and proposal to transfer production assets to affiliate.

State of New Jersey, Board of Public Utilities, BPU E09707 0465, OAL PUC-7309-97, BPU E09707 0464, OAL PUC-7310-97, January 1998 with Supplemental and Sur-rebuttal March 1998. Analysis of rate unbundling filing of Rockland Electric Company.

State of New Jersey, Board of Public Utilities, BPU EO9707 0459, OAL PUC- 7308-97, BPU E09707 0458, OAL PUC-7307-97, November 1997. Analysis of rate unbundling filing of Jersey Central Power & Light Company d/b/a GPU Energy.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00963858, Equitable Gas Company, June 1997 with rebuttal and sur-rebuttal July 1997. Analysis of the reasonableness of rate structure proposals.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00973896 and A-0012250F-0007, (Tellus 97-065) Peoples Natural Gas Company, May 1997. Review of 1997 1307(f) filing, proposal to transfer producing assets to CNG Producing Company, and proposed Migration Rider.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 97-009-G, South Carolina Pipeline Corporation, April 1997. Reasonableness of proposal to acquire an additional 75,700 Mcf/day of capacity from Transco.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, RP95-197-001, RP97-71-000, March 1997. Review of proposed rolled-in ratemaking for Leidy Line incremental facilities.

Arkansas Public Service Commission 95-401-U, Arkla, September 1996. Review of proposed gas purchasing and transportation plan.

Maine Public Utilities Commission, 95-480, 95-481, April 1996, proposed Precedent Agreement between Northern Utilities, Inc. and Granite State Gas Transmission, Inc. for LNG Storage Service (95-480); and PNGTS for Transportation Service (95-481).

Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission, 2025, November 1995, Settlement Agreement reached between ProvGas and the Division of Public Utilities and Carriers.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-953406, October 1995, application of T.W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co. for increase in rates and changes in rate and tariff design.

Illinois Commerce Commission, 95-0219, August1995, application of Northern Illinois Gas Company for increase in rates and changes in rate and tariff design.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-953316, May 1995, purchased gas costs and gas procurement of Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania with Supplemental Direct Testimony and Sur-Rebuttal Testimony.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission R-943252, (Tellus 95-039), May 1995, application of Peoples Natural Gas Company for increase in rates and changes in rate and tariff design.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 94-007-G, (Tellus 95-038), April 1995, reasonableness of 1994 purchased gas costs of South Carolina Pipeline Corporation.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission R-943207, (Tellus 95-014), March 1995, 1995 Purchased Gas Adjustment filing of National Fuel Gas Distribution Corp.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00943063, (Tellus 94-271), December 1994, design of FERC Order 636 transition cost tariff of UGI Utilities, Inc.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 94-008-G, (Tellus 94-173), October 1994, 1994 Purchased Gas Adjustment of South Carolina Electric and Gas Co.

Oklahoma Corporation Commission, PUD 920, 001342, (Tellus93-250) September 1994, reasonableness of gas supply strategy of Public Service of Oklahoma, including payments to Transok, Inc. for transportation and agency services and rate mechanism for cost recovery. November 1994 Rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-943078, (Tellus 94-155), September 1994, Market Sensitive Sales Service proposed by Pennsylvania Gas and Water Company (PG&W).

Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities, D.P.U. 93-141-A, (Tellus 94-184), September 1994, response to questions regarding policies on interruptible transportation and capacity release in DPU IT/CAPACITY RELEASE SCOPE document dated June 16, 1994. October 1994 Comments in above docket.

Hawaii Public Utilities Commission, 7259, (Tellus 94-020), August 1994, HELCO'S proposed DSM programs for competitive energy end-use markets and its multi-attribute analysis.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00943066, (Tellus 94-135), July 1994, 1994 Purchased Gas Adjustment of Pennsylvania Gas and Water Company. August 1994 Sur-rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-942993, R-942993 C0001-C0004, (Tellus 94-110), May 1994, proposal of Pennsylvania Gas and Water Company for recovery of FERC Order 636 transition costs. May 1994 Rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-943001, (Tellus 94-018), May 1994, application of Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania for an increase in rates and changes in rate design, specifically Negotiated Sales Service.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-943029, (Tellus 94-093), May 1994, 1994 Purchased Gas Adjustment of Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-932866, R-932915, (Tellus 93-243), 1994, Direct and rebuttal testimony on application of Peoples Natural Gas Company for increase in rates and changes in rate design. March 1994 Rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Kansas Corporation Commission, 180,056-U, (Tellus 92-105), February 1994, Oral Testimony on IRP Rules for gas utilities.

Arizona Corporation Commission, E-1032-93-111, (Tellus 93-099), December 1993, application of Citizens Utility Company, Arizona Gas Division, for an increase in rates, and changes in rate design. January 1994 Sur-rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Hawaii Public Utilities Commission, 7257 (Tellus 93-144B5), December 1993, proposed DSM programs for end-use markets, specifically HECO's residential sector water heating program.

Hawaii Public Utilities Commission, 7261 (Tellus 93-171), September 1993, GASCO IRP. December 1993 Rebuttal testimony in above docket.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-932655, R-932655 C001, R-932655 C002, (Tellus93-149), September 1993, balancing service charge proposed by PG&W.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-932676, (Tellus 93-092), July 1993, 1993 Purchased Gas Adjustment filing of Pennsylvania Gas and Water Company. July 1993 Rebuttal Testimony in above docket.

Public Utilities Commission of Rhode Island, 2025, (Tellus 93-018), April 1993, Providence Gas Company Integrated Resource Plan.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, I-900009, C-913669, (Tellus 91-074), March 1993, Equitable's charges for transportation service and cost allocation methods in general.

Arkansas Public Service Commission, 92-178-U, (Tellus 92-014), August 1992, Stipulation and Agreement concerning gas cost and purchasing practices issues in Dockets No.91-093-U (Arkla Energy Resources) and No. 92-032-U (Arkansas Louisiana Gas).

Colorado Public Utilities Commission, 91R-642EG, (Tellus 91-203), August 1992, Draft, proposed gas integrated resource planning (IRP) rule.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-00922324, (Tellus 92-117), July 1992, 1992 Purchased Gas Adjustment filing of PG&W. July 1992 Supplemental Testimony in above docket.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-922180, (Tellus 92-039), May 1992, application of Peoples Natural Gas Company for an increase in rates and accompanying changes, in rate design. June 1992 Rebuttal Testimony in above docket. June 1992 Sur-rebuttal Testimony in above docket

Michigan Public Commission, U-10030, (Tellus 91-120), April 1992, 1992 Gas Cost Recovery Plan submitted Service by Consumers Power Company, specifically the role of demand-side management as a resource in five-year forecast and supply plan.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-912140, (Tellus 92-038), March 1992, review of 1992 Purchased Gas Adjustment of T.W. Phillips.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, RP91-161-000 et al., RP91-160-000 et al., (Tellus 91-175), February 1992, review of cost allocation and rate design issues in rate case application of Columbia Gas Transmission and Columbia Gulf Transmission (on behalf of PA OCA).

Arkansas Public Service Commission, 91-093-U, (Tellus 92-014), February 1992, establishment of a base cost of gas for Arkla Energy Resources (AER), modification of Purchased Gas Adjustment (PGA). June 1992 Sur-rebuttal Testimony in above docket.

New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission, DR90-183, (Tellus 91-164), January 1992, role of embedded cost-of-service studies, level of customer charges, seasonal differential in commodity rates; and class revenue requirements (Energy North Natural Gas, Inc.).

Arizona Corporation Commission, U-1551-89-102 & U-1551-89-103, U-1551-91-069, (Tellus 90-203) September 1991, Gas Procurement Practices and Purchased Gas Costs (January 1986 – November 1990) of Southwest Gas Corporation. December 1991. Rebuttal Testimony in above docket.

Maryland Public Service Commission, 8339, (Tellus 91-79), July 1991, cost allocation and rate design issues in rate case application of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

Public Utilities Commission of Rhode Island, 1727, (Tellus 90-135), June 1991, review of gas procurement practices of Bristol and Warren Gas Company. Sept. 1991, (Tellus 91-165), Supplemental Direct Testimony in above docket.

New Mexico Public Service Commission, 2367, (Tellus 91-030), June 1991, analysis of gas transportation policies proposed by Gas Company of New Mexico.

Pennsylvania Office of Consumer Advocate, R-911889, (Tellus 91-025), March 1991, review of gas supply strategy and purchasing practices of T.W. Phillips.

Michigan Public Service Commission, U-9752, (Tellus 90-099), March 1991, review of 1991 Gas Cost Recovery Plan submitted by Michigan Gas Company to Michigan PSC.

Arkansas Public Service Commission, 90-036-U, (Tellus 90-041), August 1990, reasonableness of certain gas supply contracts, of Arkla, Inc. and its various subsidiary companies including the Arkla-Arkoma transactions. September 1990. Prepared Rebuttal Testimony.

Arizona Corporation Commission, U-1240-90-051, (Tellus 90-059), August 1990, application of Southern Union Gas Company for a change in tariffs.

Public Utility Commission of Utah, 89-057-15, (Tellus 89-242), July1990, Cost Allocation and Rate Design, Mountain Fuel Supply. August 1990 Rebuttal and Sur-rebuttal Testimony.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-901595, (Tellus 90-043), June 1990, application of Equitable Gas Company for changes to its tariffs.

West Virginia Public Service Commission, 90-196-E-GI, 90-197-E-GI, (Tellus 90-025), May 1990, expanded Net Energy Cost, coal supply strategy and contracting practices, APS.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-891572, (Tellus 90-08B), March 1990, Purchased Gas Costs and Gas Procurement, T.W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co.

Public Utilities Commission of Colorado, 89R-702G, (Tellus 89-30A), January 1990, policies and rules for gas transportation service offered by public utilities regulated by the Commission. January 1990, (Tellus 89-30B), Supplemental Testimony

Arizona Corporation Commission, U-1551-89-102 and U-1551-89-103, (ESRG 89-01), October 1989, Regulatory Oversight of Purchased Gas Costs.

Public Utilities Commission of Rhode Island, 1938, (ESRG 89-139), October 1989, Sales Forecast, Cost Allocation, Rate Design, Narragansett Electric Company.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R891293, (ESRG 89-92), July 1989, Purchased Gas Costs & Gas Procurement, Pennsylvania Gas and Water. July 1989 Rebuttal Testimony.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R891236, (ESRG 89-48), May 1989, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, GR 88070-877, (ESRG 88-150A), February 1989, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, Public Service Electric and Gas.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, GR 88080-913-Phase II (ESRG 88-150C), February 1989, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, South Jersey Gas Company.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, GR 88081-019-Phase II (ESRG 88-150D), February 1989, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, Elizabethtown Gas Company.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, 88080913, (ESRG 88-102), December 1988, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, Elizabethtown Gas Company.

Montana Public Service Commission, 87.7.33, 88.2.4, 88.5.10, 88.8.23, (ESRG 88-117), December1988, Gas Procurement, Transportation Service, Gas Adjustment Clause, Montana-Dakota Utilities Company.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, GR 88081-019, (ESRG 88-103), November1988, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, South Jersey Gas Company.

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, GR 88070-877 (ESRG 88-89), October 1988, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery, Public Service Electric and Gas.

Public Service Commission of District of Columbia, Formal Case 874, (ESRG88-58), September 1988, Gas Acquisition, Gas Cost Allocation, Take-or-Pay Cost, Regulatory Oversight; District of Columbia Natural Gas.

Illinois Commerce Commission, 88-0103, (ESRG 88-68), July 1988, Take-or-Pay Cost Recovery.

Public Service Commission of West Virginia, 240-G, (ESRG 88-42), June 1988, Gas Transportation Rate Design.

Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, R-880958, (ESRG 88-29), June 1988, Purchased Gas Adjustment, Pennsylvania Gas & Water Company.

Public Service Commission of Utah, 86-057-07, (ESRG 87-111), March 1988, Gas Transportation Rate Design; Mountain Fuel Supply.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 83-126-G, 86-217-G, (ESRG 87-106), January 1988, Gas Supply and Rate Design, Piedmont Gas Company.

South Carolina Public Service Commission, 87-227-G, (ESRG 87-64), September 1987, Gas Supply and Rate Design, South Carolina Electric and Gas.

Arizona Corporation Commission, U-1345-87-069, (ESRG 87-48), September 1987, Fuel Adjustment Clause.

# SELECTED RESEARCH AND CONSULTING, PUBLICATIONS, AND PRESENTATIONS

List available upon request.

PUBLIC Exhibit AG-3 (JRH-2)

#### Consumers Energy Company, Case U-14992 Comparison of Entergy Final Bid to its Initial Bids # 1 and # 3 (\$ million)

Line	Component	Initial Bid 1	Final	Final - Initial # 1	Initial Bid 3	Final	Final - Initial #3
Line	Component	b		<b>Better (Worse)</b> d = c -b			Better (Worse)
	а	D	С	u = c -b	е		g = f - e
A. Pre-tax Value of Tota	al Transaction						
1	Purchase Price		\$ 380.0			\$ 380.0	
2	Inventory Adjustments		\$ (2.4)			\$ (2.4)	
3	NQF Retained - ratepayer \$		\$ 200.2			\$ 200.2	
4	QF retained - ratepayer \$		\$ 115.7			\$ 115.7	
5	Pension/OPEB savings		\$ 24.1			\$ 24.1	
6	Letter of Credit & other fees		\$ (17.4)			\$ (17.4)	
7	PPA savings		\$ 199.3			\$ 199.3	
8	Total		\$ 899.5			\$ 899.5	
B. Disposition of Pre-ta Shareholders 9 = 1 - 2 10 11 = 9 - 10 12 = 5 13 = 6 14 = 11+12+13	Purchase Price net of inventory Transaction cost Net Proceeds up to Book Value Pension/OPEB savings Letter of Credit & other fees Sub-Total	epayers \$ -	\$ 377.6 \$ (30.0) \$ 315.0 24.1 -17.4 \$ 321.7		\$ -	\$ 377.6 \$ (30.0 \$ 315.0 24.1 -17.4 \$ 321.7	ı
Ratepayers  15 = +\$315 million - 11  16 = 3  17 = 7  18 = 4  Total	Net Proceeds in excess of Book Value NQF Retained - ratepayer \$ PPA savings QF retained - ratepayer \$ Sub-Total	0 0 0	\$ 32.6 200.2 199.3 115.7 <b>547.8</b>			0 \$ 32.6 0 200.2 0 199.3 0 115.7 0 <b>547.8</b>	

Source	Response 14992-AG-CE-102, Cor	nparative Bid Summary.pdf, pages 3 and 7.
1	Purchase Price	line 2
2	Inventory Adjustments	line 12 - line 2
3	NQF Retained - ratepayer \$	line 17
4	QF retained - ratepayer \$	line 23
5	Pension/OPEB savings	line 36
6	Letter of Credit & other fees	line 52
7	PPA savings	line 55
10	Transaction cost	David Joos, Direct Testimony, page 15.

								C	onsur	ners E	nerg	y Comp	any,	Case U	-1499	92															
	rsis of Value at Risk if Plant Shuts Down After Year 10 of the 15 year PPA																														
					,	Analys	is of	Value a	at Risl	k if Pla	nt Si	nuts Dov	wn A	fter Yea	r 10	of the 1	5 year	PPA												-	
t Pata		0 17%																													
. rate		3.11 /0		2007	2	008	21	nng	20	110	-	011	2	012	2	013	201	14	20	15	2	016	20	117	2	2018	2	119	20	20	2021
			_			000	_	000		, 10	-			<u> </u>		0.0						0.0		,	_		_	<u></u>		-0	
15 Year Term																															
PPA MWh (000)																															
PPA \$/MWh																															
PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
PV of PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)		\$0																													
				4,808		6,597				5,886				5,896										1,078		-		-		-	
				-	-	-		-	+	-		-	٠	-		-	+							-		-		-	•	-	\$ -
	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
PV of PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)		\$0																													
								-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-									5,877
																															\$ 67.83
			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34	7,710	\$ 3	97,285	\$ 41	1,137	\$ 44	,660	\$ 398,637
PV of Market Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$6	39,902			1																										
Total Cost of Bower (Market + BBA)					-																										
	4		<u> </u>		1		-																						-		
I V OI TOTAL COST OI FOWEI					-																										
/alue at Risk																															
					1																										
Response 14992-AG-CE-291																															
	PA Optio	on 3.pdf , pa	age 3	1																											
		, ,,																													
					1																										
	PPA MWh (000) PA \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000) PV of PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  Red after Year 10 PPA MWh (000) PA \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000) PV of Market Total Cost (\$ 000) PV of Market Total Cost (\$ 000) PV of Market Total Cost (\$ 000) PV of Total Cost of Power  alue at Risk	5 Year Term  PPA MWh (000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  sted after Year 10  PPA MWh (000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  Market MWh (000)  Market MWh (000)  Market Fotal Cost (\$ 000)  Market Total Cost (\$ 000)  \$  V of Total Cost of Power    V of Total Cost of Power    V of Total Cost of Power    V of Total Cost of Power	5 Year Term  PPA MWh (000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  S0  Seed after Year 10  PPA MWh (000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  PA \$MWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  S0  So  So  So  So  So  So  So  So  So	5 Year Term  PPA MWh (000) PA \$MWh (000) PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  seed after Year 10 PPA MWh (000) PA \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  PA \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  PA \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  Warket MWh (000)  Harket \$MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)  Warket Total Cost (\$ 000)  So  Warket Total Cost (\$ 000)  PO of Market Total Cost (\$ 000)  PO of Total Cost of Power  Solution	2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007   2007	## Rate ## 9.17% ## 2007   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	## Rate ## 9.17%   2007   2008      5 Year Term	## Part	## Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009      5 Year Term	## Rate ## 9.17% ## 2007   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2009   2008   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   2009   200	## Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010      5 Year Term	## Rate ## 9.17% ## 2007   2008   2009   2010   2      5 Year Term	## Rate ## 9.17% ## 2007   2008   2009   2010   2011      5 Year Term	## Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	## Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2012      5 Year Term	## Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2012   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015   2015	## Rate	## Rate ## 9.17% ## 2007	# Rate	18 Rate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	Rate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 274 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2014 2015 2	Rate   9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2012   2013   2014   2015   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	Rate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016  5 Year Term  PAR MWh (000) PAR Total Cost (\$ 000) S0  ed after Year 10 PAR MWh (000) PAR S/MWh PAR S/R S/R S/R S/R S/R S/R S/R S/R S/R S/	Rate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2016 2017 2017 2018 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	Rate 9.17% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017  5 Year Term  PPA MWh (000) PA S/MWh PPA Total Cost (\$ 000) S0  red after Year 10 PPA S/MWh S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S - S -	Rate 9.17% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Rate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2017 2018 2019 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	ERate 9.17%   2007   2008   2009   2010   2011   2012   2013   2014   2015   2016   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2018   2017   2017   2018   2017   2017   2018   2017   2017   20	ERate 9.17% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019  5 Year Term  PPA MWh (000) PA SMWh  PPA Total Cost (\$ 000) \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$	Rate	ERate 9.17% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020

1

								С	onsu	umers E	ner	gy Comp	any,	, Case U	1-149	992																
							Ļ		L																						$\overline{}$	
	T			-		Analys	sis o	f Value	at Ri	sk if Pla	int S	huts Do	wn A	After Yea	ar 10	of the 1	5 ye	ar PPA	1		1				1		1		1			
NPV Discou	unt Pato		9.17	70/.			-												-						$\vdash$						<del></del>	
NF V DISCOU	Int Nate		3.11	70																												
					2007	2008	1 2	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	2	2014		2015	- :	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	20	021
Final Bid																															<u> </u>	
PPA for Ful	I 15 Year Term																															
1	PPA MWh (000)																															
2	PPA \$/MWh			\$	43.50	\$ 44.00	\$	44.50	\$	45.75	\$	47.00	\$	48.25	\$	49.00	\$	50.00	\$	51.00	\$	52.50	\$	54.00	\$	55.50	\$	57.00	\$	58.50	\$	60.00
3 = 1 * 2	PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4	PV of PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)	_	<b>\$0</b>																												⊢—	
PPA Termin	ated after Year 10																															
5 = 1	PPA MWh (000)																															-
6 = 2	PPA \$/MWh			\$	43.50	\$ 44.00	\$	44.50	\$	45.75	\$	47.00	\$	48.25	\$	49.00	\$	50.00	\$	51.00	\$	52.50	\$	54.00	\$	55.50		57.00	\$	58.50	\$	60.00
7 = 5 * 6	PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
8	PV of PPA Total Cost (\$ 000)		\$0								-																				<del></del>	
9	Market MWh (000)				-	-		-		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		5,500	)	5,877		5,886		6,597		5,877
10	Market \$/MWh			\$	58.71	\$ 58.47	\$	58.89	\$	58.35	\$	58.17	\$	57.98	\$	58.13	\$	59.06	\$	60.84	\$	61.49	\$	63.22	\$	67.60	\$	69.85	\$	67.56	\$	67.83
11 = 9 * 10	Market Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$	2,000,43	30 \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3	347,710	\$	397,285	\$ 4	11,137	\$ 4	45,660	\$ 39	8,637
12	PV of Market Total Cost (\$ 000)	\$	639,902																												<del></del>	
	Total Cost of Power (Market + PPA)	\$	2,000,43																													
14 = 8 + 12	PV of Total Cost of Power	\$	639,90	)2																											⊢—	
15	Value at Risk																								L							
Sources																																
	Response 14992-AG-CE-291																															
2	Response 14992-AG-CE-136, WP-WEO	G-1									1								1												1	

]