

Cutting Electric Bills with the Clean Power Plan

EPA's Greenhouse Gas Reduction Policy Lowers Household Bills

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Pat Knight and Avi Allison

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- Research and consulting firm specializing in energy, economic, and environmental topics
- Leader for public interest and government clients in providing rigorous analysis of the electric power sector
- Services include economic and technical analyses, regulatory support, research and report writing, policy analysis and development, representation in stakeholder committees, facilitation, trainings, and expert witness services
- Develops resources such as the Synapse Clean Power Plan Toolkit to promote transparent decision-making
- All non-confidential publications and open-source tools available for free at <u>www.synapse-energy.com</u>

Agenda

- 1. Overview
- 2. Key Findings
- 3. Methodology
- 4. Energy Efficiency and the Clean Power Plan
- 5. State-Specific Results

6. Resources

Overview

Clean Power Plan Overview

- Released by EPA in finalized form on October 23, 2015
- Aims to reduce CO₂ pollution from electric sector only
- Expected to reduce CO₂ emissions in 2030 to levels 32 percent below 2005
- Requires an integrated stakeholder process
- Allows states to make their own compliance plans; EPA has also designed an "off-the-shelf" model rule

Synapse Clean Power Plan Cost Analysis

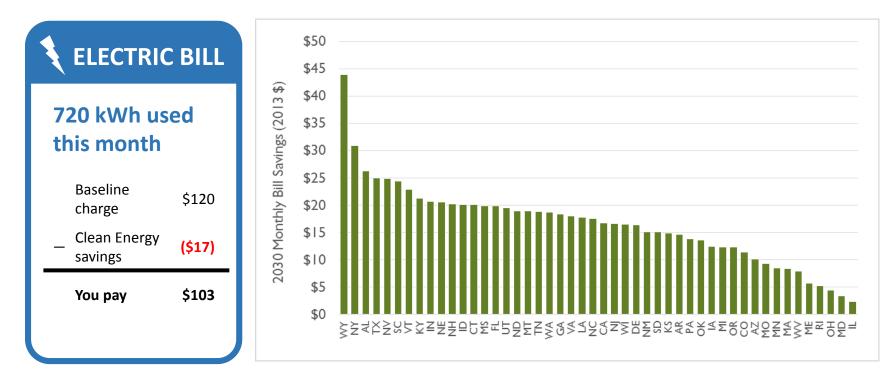
- Synapse modeled Clean Power Plan compliance in the 48 contiguous states
- Three Scenarios Modeled:
 - "Not-CPP-Compliant" base case scenario
 - Clean Power Plan-compliant "Synapse-CPP" scenario featuring aggressive energy efficiency measures
 - Clean Power Plan-compliant "Low-EE-CPP" scenario, featuring minimal efficiency
- We examined the impacts of compliance on household electric bills in each state
- We paid special attention to the relationship between bill savings and:
 - Current state-level energy efficiency standards
 - State-specific emission reductions
 - Poverty rates

Key Findings

Key Findings

Ratepayers can save money under the Clean Power Plan

If states comply with the Clean Power Plan through strategies that encourage cost-effective energy efficiency, households can expect to save an average of \$17 per month on their electric bills in 2030.



Methodology

Synapse Clean Power Plan Toolkit

Synapse Clean Power Plan Toolkit EIA data Renewable target Capacity **Coal retirements** Environmental control costs estimates Demand response Nuclear lifetime Generation **Distributed PV** Carbon prices Capital & operating costs Environmental retrofit stringency **Electric vehicles Fuel prices Transmission** expansion AEO market price assumptions Emissions: CO₂, SO₂, NO_X, mercury Forward-going **CAVT** costs of coal units **Coal Asset Valuation Tool: RePRT ReEDS** Synapse **ReEDS Postliminary** Cumulative **Reporting Tool: Regional Energy Deployment System: Energy Efficiency** efficiency savings **Synapse** NREL, adapted by Synapse Cost of cumulative Formats data for **Savings Tool** savings state planning **Energy Efficiency** Capacity Savings Tool: EPA, adapted Generation by Synapse Costs **Emission rates** Rate & bills Efficiency ramp rate **OUTPUTS** Savings level target Measure life distribution State Compliance Pathways First-year cost of saved energy CP3T **IMPLAN®** Sales growth rate **Costs of Compliance Bill Impacts** Emissions IMPLAN[®]: Commercial model **Clean Power Plan Planning Tool:** by IMPLAN Group LLC Synapse Jobs, GDP Synapse CPP Toolkit ©2015

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Scenario Assumptions

"Not-CPP-Compliant" Scenario

- Not CPP compliant
- Represents a businessas-usual reference case

"Synapse-CPP" Scenario

- CPP compliant
- Assumes mass-based
 "existing+new" targets
- Complies with the CPP through strong investment in energy efficiency

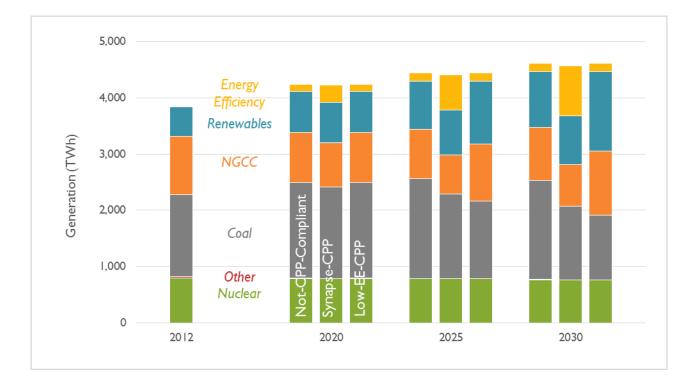
"Low-EE-CPP" Scenario

- CPP compliant
- Assumes mass-based
 "existing+new" targets
- Complies with the CPP through adding new NGCCs and renewables

All scenarios assume the <u>same</u> growth in electricity demand, natural gas prices, "on-thebooks" retirements and unit additions, state requirements for efficiency and renewables, and installation of future environmental retrofits needed regardless of the Clean Power Plan.

The two Clean Power Plan-compliant scenarios permit allowance trading in two separate regions: RGGI states and the rest of the United States.

Scenario Generation



Energy Efficiency and the Clean Power Plan

Energy Efficiency and the Clean Power Plan

Energy efficiency has a critical role in the Clean Power Plan

- Energy efficiency has been removed from Clean Power Plan target setting, but it can still be used for compliance.
- In rate-based approaches, energy efficiency measures are given "direct incentives" for each megawatt-hour saved.
- In mass-based approaches, energy efficiency can be used as follows:
 - 1. In any situation, energy efficiency is a cost-effective way to reduce demand for electricity, both reducing emissions and helping to avoid or defer other mass-based compliance actions.
 - 2. States can take action to develop customized plans to further encourage energy efficiency as a means for meeting mass-based compliance.

Actions States Can Take to Encourage Efficiency Under the Clean Power Plan

- In the Model Rule of the Clean Power Plan, allowances are given freely to polluters (with the exception of a small percent of allowances reserved for "set-asides")
- States can develop their own, customized plans, in which allowances are allocated differently
 - States can give allowances directly to those providing efficiency measures. Providers could then sell allowances to polluters, generating revenue and offsetting the costs of installing new energy efficiency measures.
 - States can auction allowances and give the revenues to efficiency providers. States could choose to auction allowances to polluters. The revenue raised in these auctions could be used to fund energy efficiency programs.

State-Specific Results

Scenario Assumptions

VS.

"Not-CPP-Compliant" Scenario "Synapse-CPP" Scenario

- Not CPP compliant
- Represents a businessas-usual reference case

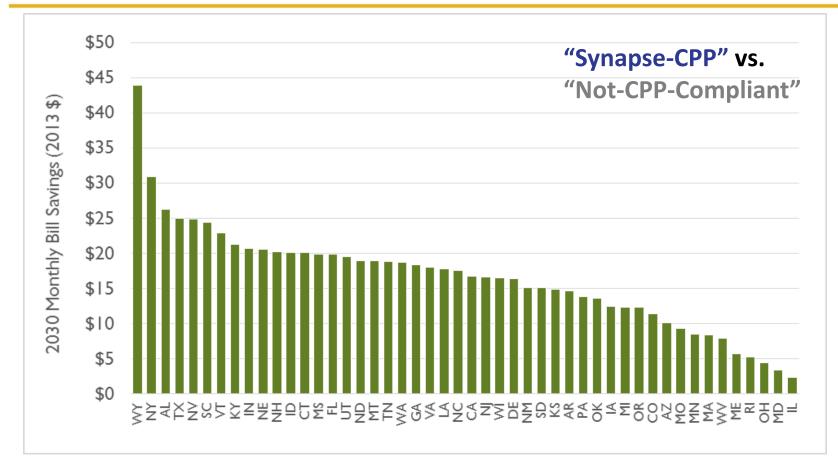
CPP compliant

- Assumes mass-based
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"Low-EE-CPP" Scenario

- CPP compliant
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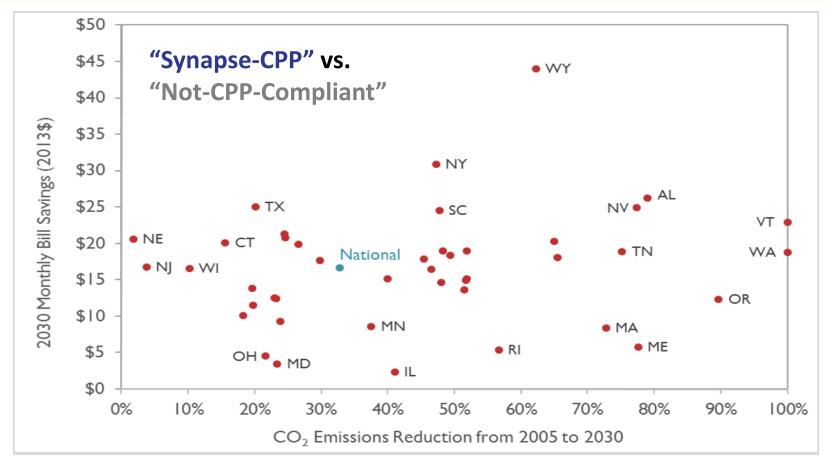
#1. Strong Investments in Energy Efficiency Save Ratepayers \$17 per Month



In 2030, average monthly bill savings range from a high of \$44 per month in Wyoming to a minimum of \$2 per month in Illinois.

The difference in bill savings among states depends on many factors, including energy efficiency requirements and the resources used to generate power now and in the future.

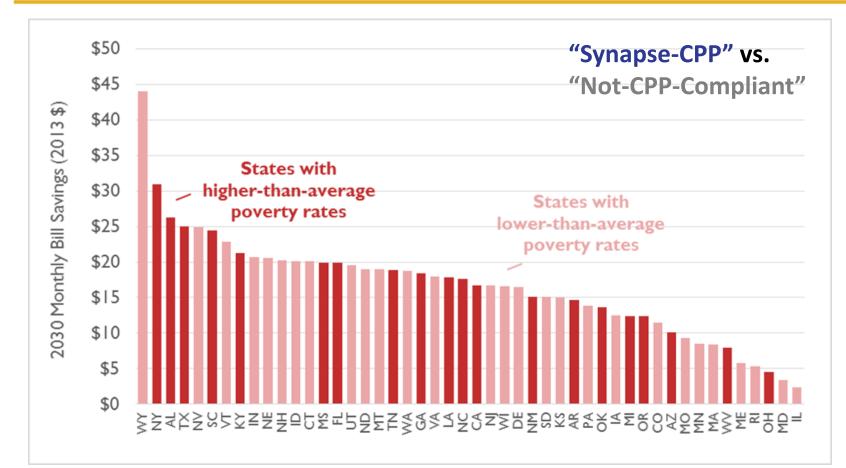
#2. Large Emission Reductions Do Not Prevent Bill Savings



Note: Four states have their emissions increase under the Synapse-CPP scenario. These states have monthly bill savings of between \$8 and \$20.

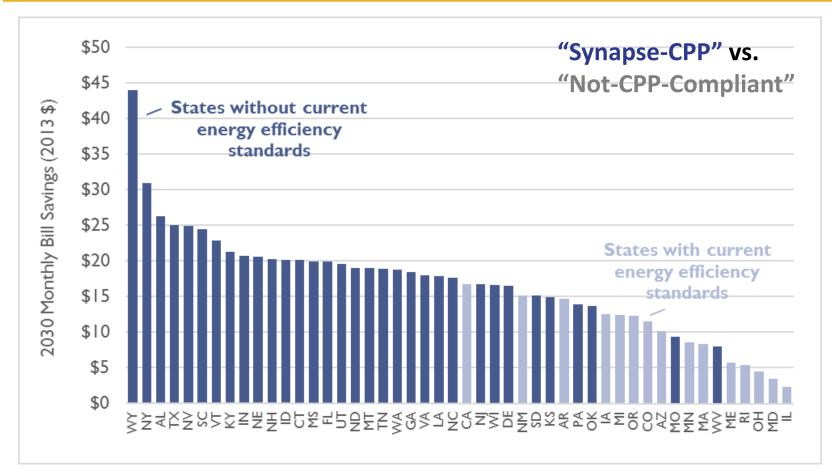
Of the seven states with the highest bill savings between the Synapse-CPP case and the Not-CPP-Compliant case, six reduce their CO_2 emissions by more than 45% between 2005 and 2030 in the Synapse-CPP scenario. One of these states eliminates its emissions entirely.

#3. Large Bill Savings Found in States With High Poverty Rates



Of the eight states with the highest monthly bill savings between the Synapse-CPP case and the Not-CPP-Compliant case, five have poverty rates in excess of the national rate. These five include Alabama and Kentucky, two of the five states with the highest poverty rates in the nation.

#4. Largest Bill Savings Found in States With No Current Efficiency Requirements



Of the 24 states with the highest monthly bill savings, <u>none</u> have existing policies requiring future energy efficiency savings. Regardless of their strategy for Clean Power Plan compliance, states without energy efficiency standards in place are leaving money on the table that could lower bills for residential consumers.

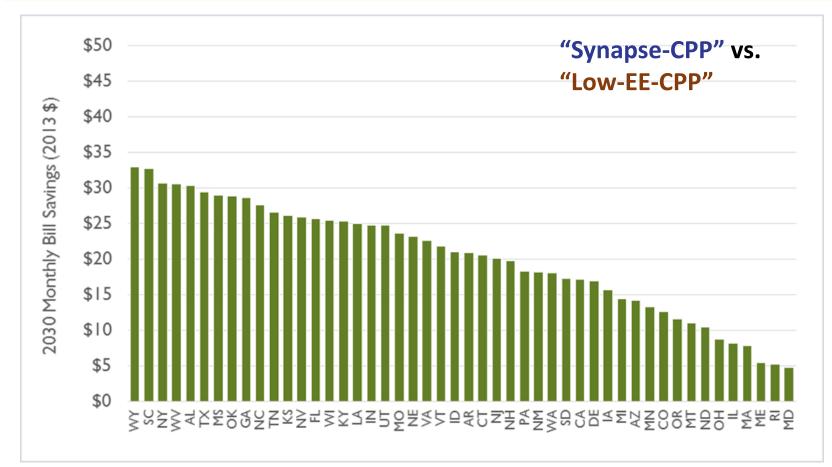
Scenario Assumptions

"Not-CPP-Compliant" Scenario

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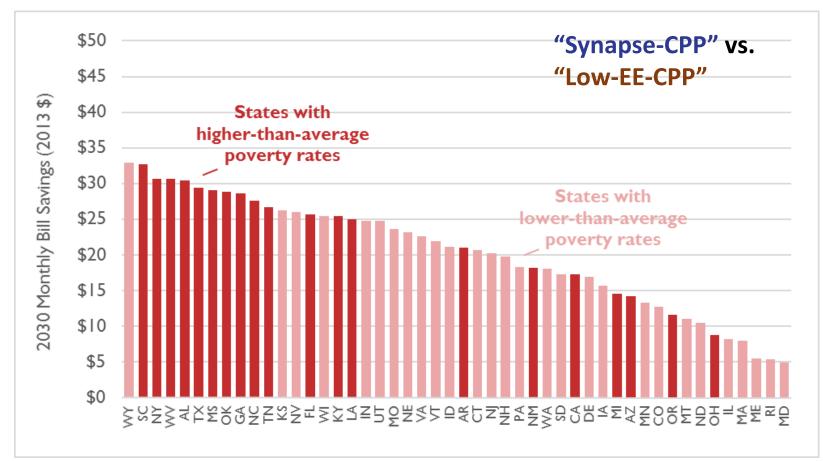
it"	"Synapse-CPP" Scenario	VS	5.	"Low-EE-CPP" Scenario
	CPP compliant			CPP compliant
SS-	 Assumes mass-based "existing+new" targets 		•	Assumes mass-based "existing+new" targets
	 Complies with the CPP through strong investment in energy efficiency 		•	Complies with the CPP through adding new NGCCs and renewables

#5. Energy Efficiency Is the Cheapest Way to Reduce CO₂ Emissions



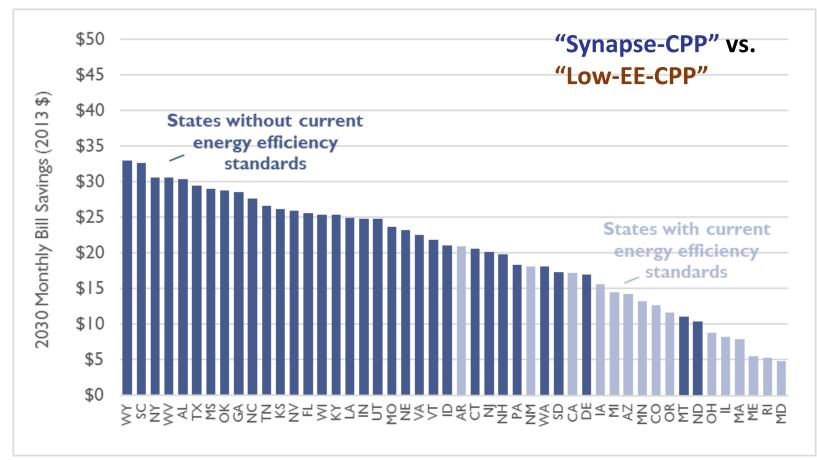
Total system costs are 17 percent higher in the Low-EE-CPP case than in the Synapse-CPP case, resulting in average household bills \$21 higher each month than if emission reductions were achieved with more energy efficiency. Average savings by state range from \$33 to \$5 per month.

#6. Energy Efficiency Is an Especially Cheap Compliance Strategy in High-Poverty States



Of the 10 states with the highest monthly bill savings between the Synapse-CPP case and the Low-EE-CPP case, nine have poverty rates in excess of the national rate. These nine include five of the 10 states with the highest poverty rates in the nation.

#7. Efficiency is an Especially Cheap Compliance Strategy in States Without Efficiency Standards



Of the 24 states with the highest monthly bill savings between the Synapse-CPP case and the Low-EE-CPP case, <u>none</u> have existing policies requiring future energy efficiency savings.

Resources

Related Resources

Synapse Clean Power Plan Toolkit: http://synapse-energy.com/CleanPowerPlan

Past Clean Power Plan Webinars: <u>http://synapse-energy.com/synapse-projects-and-webinars-related-clean-power-plan</u>

Consumer Costs of Low-Emissions Futures Factsheets and Reports: http://synapse-energy.com/project/consumer-costs-low-emissions-futures

Clean Power Plan Handbook for National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates: <u>http://synapse-energy.com/sites/default/files/Clean-Power-Plan-Handbook.pdf</u>

Synapse Blog Posts on Clean Power Plan: <u>http://synapse-</u> energy.com/tags/clean-power-plan

Stay Tuned!

A "living" analysis We plan to update this work in the future to account for new information regarding changes to state-specific programs (e.g., EERS's and RPS's), future forecasts of load growth and fuel prices, and new information about state compliance plans for the CPP

Fairness, Health, and the Clean Power Plan: Understanding the Policy Impacts of EPA's New Carbon Rule February 2, 2 PM EST

Future Clean Power Plan webinars (dates and times TBD):

- Deep dive into the Clean Energy Incentive Program
- Trading and hotspots in the Clean Power Plan
- Allocating allowance and ERCs

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Contact Information

Liz Stanton, eastanton@synapse-energy.com Pat Knight, pknight@synapse-energy.com Avi Allison, aallison@synapse-energy.com Please remember to send any questions on content to webinar@synapse-energy.com