## STATE OF MINNESOTA BEFORE THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Application of	) MPUC Dkt. No. G-007, 011/GR-10-977
Minnesota Energy Resources Corporation	)
for Authority to Increase Rates for Natural	OAH No. 16-2500-21807-2
Gas Service in Minnesota	

**Surrebuttal Testimony** 

Of

J. Richard Hornby

Synapse Energy Economics, Inc.

On Behalf of

Izaak Walton League of America – Midwest Office

Minnesota Center for Environmental Advocacy

June 30, 2011

1		I. INTRODUCTION / SUMMARY
2	Q.	Please state your name, employer, and present position.
3	A.	My name is J. Richard Hornby. I am a Senior Consultant at Synapse Energy Economics,
4		Inc., 485 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02139.
5		
6	Q.	Are you the same J. Richard Hornby who submitted pre-filed Direct Testimony in
7		this proceeding?
8	A.	Yes.
9		
10	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?
11	A.	My surrebuttal testimony responds to certain of the points made in the Rebuttal
12		Testimonies filed by witness Grace on behalf of Minnesota Energy Resources
13		Corporation ("MERC" or the Company) and by witness Davis on behalf of Minnesota
14		Department of Commerce ("DOC").
15		
16	Q.	Does the Rebuttal Testimony of MERC witness Grace address either of the main
17		reasons you gave for not supporting the company's proposed full decoupling
18		mechanism?
19	A.	No. My Direct Testimony presents the two reasons why I don't support the proposed
20		Revenue Decoupling Mechanism ("RDM"), i.e., the absence of adequate Company
21		commitments to specific initiatives to increase energy efficiency and the absence of a

1		reasonable level of benefits to ratepayers (Hornby Direct Testimony, p. 8). The Rebuttal
2		Testimony of Ms. Grace does not address either of those two reasons.
3		
4	Q.	Please respond to the position of MERC witness Grace regarding the additional
5		information to be gained if MERC begins with a partial decoupling mechanism
6		rather than a full decoupling mechanism.
7	A.	My Direct Testimony states that the Commission and other stakeholders would gain
8		additional information regarding the merits of a partial decoupling mechanism if MERC
9		began with a partial decoupling mechanism similar to that of Centerpoint (Hornby Direct
10		Testimony, p. 12). That approach would enable the Commission to compare the
11		experience of each utility with the same mechanism. In contrast, if MERC has great
12		results from its test of a full decoupling mechanism and Centerpoint has poor results from
13		its test of a partial decoupling mechanism, the Commission may find it difficult to
14		determine whether the differences in results are attributable to differences between the
15		two mechanisms or differences between the two utilities.
16		Ms. Grace does not agree that requiring MERC to begin with a partial decoupling
17		mechanism similar to that of Centerpoint would provide additional information to the
18		Commission on the merits of that particular mechanism (Grace Rebuttal Testimony, p.
19		20). Ms. Grace provides no explanation or analysis to support her position.

1	Q.	Please respond to the Rebuttal Testimony of witness Davis regarding your position
2		that the company has not provided an adequate commitment to specific initiatives to
3		increase energy efficiency.
4	A.	In his rebuttal, Mr. Davis addresses my position that the Company did not provide an
5		adequate commitment to specific initiatives to increase energy efficiency, which is one of
6		the reasons why I don't support MERC's proposed RDM (Davis Rebuttal Testimony, p.
7		3). It appears that Mr. Davis may have misinterpreted my position regarding the manner
8		in which a utility should commit to incremental energy savings. Mr. Davis implies that
9		my position requires "that utilities must both increase their savings from current
10		energy conservation programs and offer new energy conservation projects to demonstrate
11		their commitment to obtaining incremental energy savings" (Davis Rebuttal Testimony,
12		p. 3, emphasis added).
13		My position is not prescriptive. In fact, my position on how the utility should
14		achieve incremental savings is very similar to that of Mr. Davis, as indicated by the
15		following quotes from my Direct Testimony and his Rebuttal Testimony:
16		"These are commitments to some combination of increased activity under
17		existing programs and introduction of new initiatives that the utility would not
18		otherwise pursue under its current ratemaking" (Hornby Direct Testimony, p.5,
19		emphasis added).
20		
21		"Incremental energy savings, i.e., energy savings greater than historical levels,
22		can come from a combination of new and existing projects, new projects alone,

1		or existing projects alone. What matters, simply, is that the utility is increasing its
2		level of energy savings." (Davis Rebuttal Testimony, p. 3, emphasis added).
3		
4	Q.	What disagreement remains between you and witness Davis regarding the need for
5		MERC to make an adequate commitment to incremental energy savings to justify
6		implementation of decoupling?
7	A.	Mr. Davis and I agree that a utility such as MERC should commit to achieving
8		incremental energy savings as a condition of implementing a decoupling mechanism,
9		Mr. Davis and I disagree on the reference point, or baseline, against which those
10		incremental energy savings should be measured.
11		Mr. Davis indicates that the utility's historical level of savings is a reasonable
12		reference point (Davis Rebuttal Testimony, p. 4). I disagree. Incremental savings should
13		be measured relative to the level of savings the utility is expected to achieve under its
14		current ratemaking framework (Hornby Direct Testimony, p.5 and p. 9). The fact that a
15		utility such as MERC is achieving higher energy savings now, under the existing
16		ratemaking framework, than it did in the past, under the existing ratemaking framework,
17		is not in itself justification for approving a change in the existing ratemaking framework
18		such as a decoupling mechanism.
19		The appropriate reference point for measuring incremental savings is the level of
20		savings the utility is expected to achieve under its current ratemaking framework. This
21		reference point ensures that improving the utility's financial incentives will produce an
22		actual increase in energy efficiency relative to a continuation of the existing ratemaking

- framework. In addition, this reference point contributes to a more equitable balancing of
- 2 the interests of utility shareholders and the interests of ratepayers.

3

- 4 Q. Does this complete your surrebuttal testimony?
- 5 A. Yes.